

# **LWCF Funded Places in Idaho**

Federal Program

Big Wood River

Blackwell Island

\*Bear River Watershed CA

**Boise Front ACEC** 

Bruneau River

Caribou-Targhee NF

Camas NWR

City of Rocks NRes

Clearwater NF

Craters of the Moon NPM/Oregon NHT

Frank's Church Wilderness

Gray's Lake NWR

Hagerman Fossil Beds NM

Hells Canyon NRA

Henrys Lake ACEC

Hulls Gulch

Idaho Land Exchange

Idaho NFs/ ID Wilderness/ WSRs

Idaho Lands

Kaniksu NF

\*Lewis and Clark NHT

Lower Salmon ACEC

Middle Fork Clearwater WSR

Middle Fork Salmon WSR

Minidoka NHS

Nez Perce NHP

Nez Perce NHT

Payette NF

Salmon WSR

Salmon-Challis and Sawtooth NRA

Sands Desert HMA

Sawtooth NF

Sawtooth NRA

Snake River Birds of Prey NCA

Soda Springs Hills

St Joe WSR

Thousand Springs ACEC

Upper Snake/South Fork Snake

Wolf Lodge/Beauty Bay SRMA

**Federal Total** \$ 200,700,000

Forest Legacy

**Program** \$ 37,300,000

**Habitat Conservation** 

(Sec. 6) \$ 2,200,000

State Program

Total State Grants \$ 39,200,000

**Total** \$ 279,400,000

## **LWCF Success in Idaho**

The Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) has provided funding to help protect some of Idaho's most special places and ensure recreational access for hunting, fishing and other outdoor activities. Idaho has received approximately \$279 million in LWCF funding over the past five decades, protecting places such as the Boise Foothills, Sawtooth Valley and Hell's Canyon National Recreation Areas, Middle Fork Clearwater and Middle Fork Salmon Wild and Scenic Rivers.

Forest Legacy Program (FLP) grants are also funded under LWCF, to help protect working forests. The FLP cost-share funding supports timber sector jobs and sustainable forest operations while enhancing wildlife habitat, water quality and recreation. For example, the FLP contributed to places such as Henry's Lake, the South Fork Snake River and the McArthur Lake Wildlife Corridor. The FLP assists states and private forest owners to maintain working forest lands through matching grants for permanent conservation easement and fee acquisitions, and has leveraged approximately \$37.3 million in federal funds to invest in Idaho's forests, while protecting air and water quality, wildlife habitat, access for recreation and other public benefits provided by forests.

LWCF state assistance grants have further supported hundreds of projects across Idaho's state and local parks including the Boise Greenbelt and Wood River Trails, Coeur d'Alene's Tubbs Hill and Sandpoint's City Beach.

## **Economic Benefits**

Active outdoor recreation is an important part of the Idaho economy. The Outdoor Industry Association has found that active outdoor recreation supports \$7.8 billion in consumer spending in Idaho, 78,000 jobs across Idaho which generate \$2.3 billion in wages and salaries, and produces nearly \$447 million annually in state and local tax revenue.

Further, the U.S. Census reports that each year over 1 million people hunt, fish, or enjoy wildlife-watching in Idaho, contributing over \$923 million in wildlife recreation spending to the state economy.



Recreation at Caribou-Targhee NF Credit: NPS Top: Craters of the Moon NP Credit: NPS



Young visitors with Smokey, Sawtooth NF Credit: USFS

LWCF is a simple idea: that a portion of offshore drilling fees should be used to protect important land and water for all Americans. These are not taxpayer dollars. Unfortunately, the promise of LWCF has been broken. The program is authorized to receive up to \$900 million each year—but most of these funds have been diverted elsewhere. Now is the time to fix this and ensure that funds retained in the LWCF account are used for their intended conservation and recreation purposes.

LWCF supports the acquisition of land and conservation easements to protect our national parks, wildlife refuges, forests, trails, and BLM sites, grants funds to the states for local and state park needs, protects critical wildlife habitat, watersheds and recreational access, and conserves working farms, ranches and forestlands that enhance local economies.



www.lwcfcoalition.org

## **LWCF** in Idaho

#### **Sawtooth National Recreation Area**

The 756,000-acre Sawtooth National Recreation Area comprises one of the largest and most magnificent national recreation areas in the US. Four mountain ranges: the Sawtooths, Boulders, White Clouds, and Smokies provide scenic landscapes in every direction, with more than 50 major peaks over 10,000 feet, 300 lakes, and 250 miles of trails. The headwaters of four of Idaho's major rivers originate here: the Salmon, South Fork of the Payette, the Boise, and the Big Wood. The Sawtooth NRA offers some of the finest and most renowned outdoor recreation in the world including fishing, white-watersports, hiking, backpacking, snowmobiling, mountain biking and Nordic skiing. To protect the historic uses and compatible public recreation values of this landscape, the Forest Service has utilized LWCF dating back to 1972 to acquire conservation easements that protect some 17,000 acres of private ranch lands within.

Fiscal Year 2019 Agency Priority Project List for Idaho

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Agency	State	Project	Amount	Delegation		
BLM	ID	Little Salmon River Recreation Area	\$800,000	Crapo, Risch/ Labrador		
BLM	ID	Ridge to Rivers	\$300,000	Crapo, Risch/ Simpson, Labrador		
BLM	ID	Coeur d'Alene Lake SRMA	\$1,300,000	Crapo, Risch/ Labrador		
BLM	ID	Upper Snake/South Fork River SRMA	\$2,300,000	Crapo, Risch/ Simpson		
FS	ID	Salmon-Selway Initiative; Payette/Salmon-Chalis NF	\$2,500,000	Crapo, Risch/ Labrador, Simpson		
FS	ID	Greater Yellowstone Area; Caribou-Targhee NF	\$1,900,000	Crapo, Risch/Simpson		
FLP	ID	Boundary Connections 2	\$3,800,000	Crapo, Risch/ Labrador		
FWS	ID/UT/ WY	Bear River Watershed CA	\$1,500,000	Crapo, Risch/Simpson		

#### The Fiscal Year 2019 President's Budget:

The President's Fiscal Year 2019 Budget proposal would gut LWCF, reducing the program's budget by over 100% from enacted levels. Under this proposal, no projects would be funded for federal land conservation at America's National Parks, National Forests, National Wildlife Refuges, and other public lands. State grant programs to support local recreation facilities, state parks, wildlife habitat, and other community conservation priorities would also be completely wiped out. Without robust LWCF funding in FY 2019, Idaho's conservation and outdoor recreation needs could be put on hold or lost forever.

#### FY18 Enacted vs. FY19 Budget Reguest Comparison

Agency/Program	FY18 Enacted Funding	FY19 President's Budget
National Park Service	\$46,935,000	- \$1,212,000*
Bureau of Land Management	\$24,916,000	- \$6,608,000*
U.S. Forest Service	\$64,337,000	- \$17,000,000*
Fish and Wildlife Service	\$53,839,000	\$6,953,000
Sec. 6 Habitat Conservation	\$19,638,000	\$0
Forest Legacy Program	\$67,025,000	- \$4,000,000*
Highlands Conservation Act	\$10,000,000	\$0
American Battlefield Protection	\$10,000,000	\$0
State & Local Assistance	\$124,006,000	\$0
TOTAL *proposed rescission of already appropri	\$425,000,000	- \$12,867,000*